<del>续</del>	Math Teachers F 4850 Park Glen Road, Minneapolis, Mi phone (800) 852-2435 fax (952) 5	Press, Inc N 55416 546-7502	2	
	Nebraska Academi Moving with Math	c Standards Co Foundations	orrelated to A <i>Grade 1</i>	
		A1 <i>Number Sense</i> Student Book Skill Builders (SB)	A2 Addition & Subtraction Student Book Skill Builders (SB)	A3 Fractions, Geometry & Measurement Student Book Skill Builders (SB)
MA 1.1	Students will communicate number sense concepts using multiple representations to reason, solve problems, and make connections within mathematics and across disciplines.			
MA 1.1.1	Number System			
	Students will demonstrate, represent, and show relationships among whole numbers within the base-ten number system.			
MA 1.1.1.a	Count, read, and write numbers 0 - 100	49, 50 <b>SB:</b> 8-9	47, 48 <b>SB:</b> 46-3	
MA 1.1.1.b	Count by multiples of 2 up to 50	55 <b>SB:</b> 10-2		
MA 1.1.1.c	Count by multiples of 5 up to 100	55 <b>SB:</b> 10-1		
MA 1.1.1.d	Count by multiples of 10 up to 100	53-55 <b>SB:</b> 10-1		
MA 1.1.1.d	Sequence objects using ordinal numbers (first through tenth)	39, 40 <b>SB:</b> 7-1		
MA 1.1.1.f	Count backwards from 10 - 0	36 (T.G.)		
MA 1.1.1.g	Connect number words to the quantities they represent 0 - 20	29, 30, 45 <b>SB:</b> 4-1		
MA 1.1.1.h	Demonstrate and identify multiple equivalent representations for numbers 1 - 100 (e.g., 23 is 2 tens and 3 ones; 23 is 1 ten and 13 ones; 23 is 23 ones)	42, 43, 61 <b>SB:</b> 11-1		
MA 1.1.1.I	Compare and order whole numbers 0 - 100	37, 48, 63 <b>SB:</b> 6-1, 6-2, 8-1, 8-2, 8-4		

MA 1.1.1.j	Demonstrate relative position of whole numbers 0 - 100 (e.g., 52 is between 50 and 60; 83 is greater than 77)	51, 67 <b>SB:</b> 8-3		
MA 1.1.2	Operations			
	Students will demonstrate the meaning of addition and subtraction with whole numbers.			
MA 1.1.2.a	Use objects, drawings, words, and symbols to explain addition as a joining action		3 <b>SB:</b> 26-2	
MA 1.1.2.b	Use objects, drawings, words, and symbols to explain addition as parts of a whole		4 <b>SB:</b> 26-12	
MA 1.1.2.c	Use objects, drawings, words, and symbols to explain subtraction as a separation action		11, 13 <b>SB:</b> 28-7	
MA 1.1.2.d	Use drawings, words, and symbols to explain subtraction as finding part of a whole		12 <b>SB:</b> 28-13	
MA 1.1.2.e	Use objects, drawings, words, and symbols to explain subtraction as a comparison (e.g., Nancy has 8 hair ribbons. Jane has 5 hair ribbons. How many more hair ribbons does Nancy have than Jane?)		44 <b>SB:</b> 42-1, 42-3	
MA 1.1.3	Computation			
	Students will compute fluently and accurately using appropriate strategies and tools.			
MA 1.1.3.a	Fluently add whole number sums up to 10		4-6 <b>SB:</b> 26-4	
MA 1.1.3.b	Fluently subtract whole number differences from 10		13-16 <b>SB:</b> 28-4	
MA 1.1.3.c	Add and subtract two-digit numbers without regrouping		53-58 <b>SB:</b> 32-1, 36-1	
MA 1.1.3.d	Use a variety of methods and tools to compute sums and differences (e.g., models, mental computation, paper- pencil)		5, 8, 9, 14, 16 <b>SB:</b> 26-2, 26-3, 26- 7, 28-2, 28-8	
ΜΔ114	Estimation			
	Mastery not expected at this level			

MA 1.2	Students will communicate geometric concepts and measurement concepts using multiple representations to reason, solve problems, and make connections within mathematics and across disciplines.		
MA 1.2.1	Characteristics		
	Students will identify characteristics of two-dimensional geometric shapes.		
MA 1.2.1.a	Compare two-dimensional shapes (e.g., square, circle, rectangle, triangle)		3-6 <b>SB:</b> 13-1
MA 1.2.1.b	Describe attributes of two-dimensional shapes (e.g., square, circle, rectangle, triangle)		3-6 <b>SB:</b> 13-1
ΜΔ 1 2 2	Coordinate Geometry		
	Students will identify locations on a number line.		
MA 1.2.2.a	Identify the position of a whole number on a horizontal number line	46	
ΜΔ 1 2 3	Transformations		
	Students will identify a line of symmetry.		
MA 1.2.3.a	Identify one line of symmetry in two- dimensional shapes (e.g., circle, square, rectangle, triangle)		9 <b>SB:</b> 43-1
MA 1.2.4	Spatial Modeling		
	Students will communicate relative positions in space and create two-dimensional shapes.		
MA 1.2.4.a	Demonstrate positional words (e.g., left/right)	2, 15 <b>SB:</b> 12-1, 12-2	
MA 1.2.4.b	Sketch two-dimensional shapes (e.g., square, circle, rectangle, triangle)		7 (T.G.)
MA 1.2.5	Measurement		
	Students will measure using standard units, time, and money.		
MA 1.2.5.a	Count like coins to \$1.00	31 <b>SB:</b> 22-1	29, 30 <b>SB:</b> 22-4
MA 1.2.5.b	Identify time to the half hour		23-25 <b>SB:</b> 18-1, 18-2
MA 1.2.5.c	Identify past, present, and future as orientation in time		

MA 1.2.5.d	Select an appropriate tool for the			23-25, 28, 50, 52
	attribute being measured (e.g., clock,			<b>SB:</b> 18-8, 19-3, 19-
	calendar, thermometer, scale, ruler)			4, 19-7
MA 1.2.5.e	Measure length using inches			49, 50
				<b>SB:</b> 19-3, 19-7
MA 1.2.5.f	Compare and order objects according to	13, 14		
	length	<b>SB:</b> 16-1		<b>SB:</b> 16-3
MA 1.3	Students will communicate algebraic			
	concepts using multiple			
	representations to reason, solve			
	problems, and make connections			
	within mathematics and across disciplines.			
MA 1.3.1	Relationships			
	Students will identify and describe			
	relationships.			
MA 1.3.1.a	Sort or order objects by their attributes			7
	(e.g., color, shape, size, number) then			
	identify the classifying attribute			
MA 1.3.1.b	Create multiple rules for sorting beyond			3 (T.G.)
	color, shape, and size			
MA 1.3.1.c	Identify, describe, and extend patterns	12, 17, 47		
	(e.g., patterns with a repeating core)	<b>SB:</b> 2-1, 9-1, 9-2,		
		5.0		
MAIDIA		29 62		
IVIA 1.3.1.0	Use <, +, > to compare quantities	<b>SB:</b> 8-1, 8-2		
MA 1.3.2	Modeling in Context			
	Students will use objects and pictures			
	as models to represent mathematical			
	situations.			
MA 1.3.2.a	Model situations that involve the		3, 11, 37, 43, 44	
	numbers $0 - 20$ using objects and		<b>3D:</b> 20-0, 20-7	
	pictures			
MA 1.3.2.b	Describe and model qualitative change			15
	(e.g., a student growing taller)			<b>SB:</b> 9-11
MA 1.3.3	Procedures			
	Students will use concrete, verbal,			
	number sentences.			
MA 1.3.3.a	Write number sentences to represent		17. 18	
	fact families		<b>SB:</b> 28-3	
		1	L L	1.1

MA 1.3.3.b	Use concrete, pictorial, and verbal representations of the commutative property of addition		7 <b>SB:</b> 26-1	
MA 1.4	Students will communicate data analysis/probability concepts using multiple representations to reason, solve problems, and make connections within mathematics and across disciplines.			
MA 1.4.1	Display and Analysis			
	Students will sort, classify, organize, describe, and compare data.			
MA 1.4.1.a	Sort and classify objects by more than one attribute			7 (T.G.) <b>SB:</b> 44-1
MA 1.4.1.b	Organize data by using concrete objects	10		73-75
MA 1.4.1.c	Represent data by using tally marks		63	74, 75
MA 1.4.1.d	Compare and interpret information from displayed data (e.g., more, less, fewer)	34 <b>SB:</b> 38-2, 38-3	63 <b>SB:</b> 38-4, 38-5	73-75 <b>SB:</b> 38-8
MA 1.4.2	Predictions and Inferences			
	Mastery not expected at this level.			
MA 1.4.3	Probability			
	Mastery not expected at this level.			