

Extensions Training



A condensed, grade-level review for grades K-8. Available in English and Spanish.





The MOVING WITH MATH Difference Meeting the Challenge

- I. Overview of Materials
- II. Assessment Overview
- III. "A Typical Day"
- IV. Research-Based Strategies
- V. Results
- VI. Conclusion



Overview of Materials

Extensions



- Reviews the essential math objectives for grades K–8
- Students use manipulatives in every lesson to develop conceptual understanding and improve achievement
- Assessment linked to state standards provides data to differentiate instruction for all students



All Materials Conveniently Packaged

Class Kit Includes:

- 1 Teachers Resource Manual
- 20 Student Books
- 1 Test Assessment Pack
- 20 Parent Handbooks



Find the Overview:

Page 3 of the Sampler



Boxed Class Kits in Spanish

Spanish Class Kit Includes:

- 1 Teachers Resource Manual
- 1 Spanish Resource Pack
- 20 Spanish Student Books
- 20 Spanish Parent Handbooks



Find the Spanish Kits:

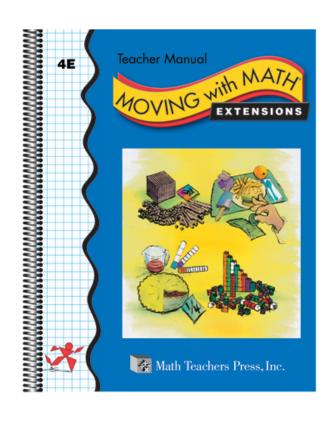
Page 50 of the Sampler





Teacher Resource Manual

Includes a DVD, a foreword, and 3 yellow tabs:



Assessment

Teacher Guide

Skill Builders and Masters



DVD - Overview and Manipulative Activities

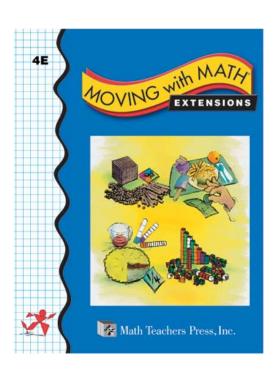


DVD found in each Teachers Manual

DVD icon is displayed in Teachers Manual when the hands-on activity is demonstrated on the DVD



Student Activity Books



- Student Activity Pages
- Daily Reviews
- Daily Review Record Sheet

Available in Spanish



Other Components



Test Assessment Packs:

- 20 Pre- and Post-Tests
- Student and Class Record Sheets

Parent Handbooks (Available in Spanish):

Family Activities



Manipulatives





Manipulative Kit Includes:

- Unifix Cubes
- Base Ten Blocks
- 5 Place Value Mats
- Fraction Circles
- 5 Ten-Sided Dice
- 8 Six-Sided Dice
- 5 Geoboards

Overhead Manipulative Kit Includes:

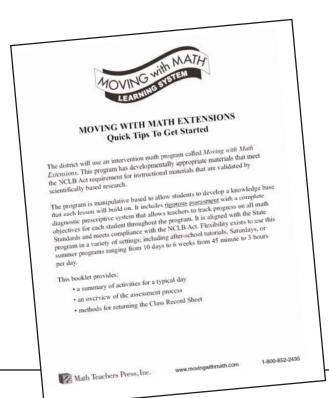
- Unifix-Like Squares
- Base Ten Block Pieces
- 45 Coins and 24 Bills
- 63 Fraction Circles
- 5 Clocks
- 1 Geoboard



Quick Tips to Get Started

Quick Tips Include:

- 1. Summary of Activities for a Typical Day and Location of Materials
- 2. Overview of the Assessment Process
- 3. Methods of Measuring and Monitoring Achievement



Activity	Location of Materials		
 Students begin with a 5 question Daily Review. 	Back of Student Book		
2. Students record results of Daily Review.	Inside back cover of Student Book		
3. (Optional) – If students do poorly with the Daily Review, intervention can occur at this point by using the reteaching pages called Skill Builders. Each problem in the Daily Review is aligned with a math objective that identifies which skill Builder to use.	Skill Builder worksheets are found in the Teacher's Guide for making photocopies.		
Teacher introduces and directs students through a manipulative based activity;	Complete plan for this is in the Teacher's Guide		
 Students follow-up the hands-on activity by completing Practice Pages related to the activity. 	Student Book		
Students respond to a Journal Prompt by writing about the math they learned.	Journal Prompts are in Teacher's Guide along with a 3-point scoring guide to evaluate student responses.		
 Students complete a Daily Review set of problems. 	Back of Student Book		
(Optional) – Students can continue with a Skill Builder worksheet.	Found in Teacher's Guide for photocopies.		
 (Optional) – Students can end the day with a math game. 	All games are described in Teacher's Guide.		
Pacing: The designers of the program have The complete plan (activities 1-9) are show a 1-hour or 2-hour session.	e a 20-day pacing calendar in the foreword on on the calendar and should fit well into		
	2		









Learning Objectives

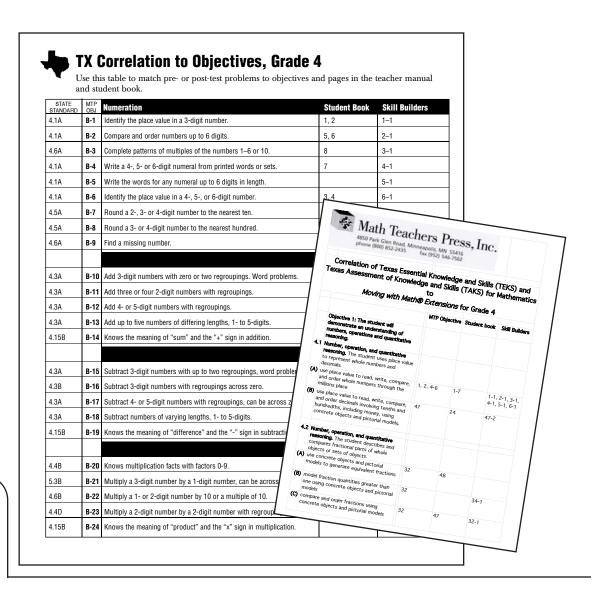
Learning objectives



match state standards and are integrated with assessment and curriculum.

Find the Objectives:

Page 7 of the Sampler
Pages ν of the Teacher Manual



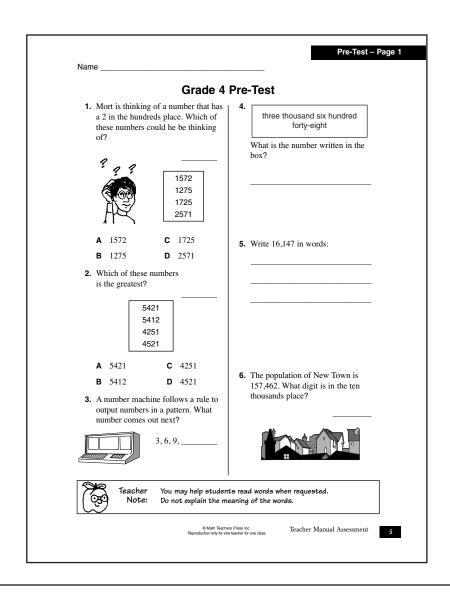


Assess Students with Pre-Test on Day 2



Find the Pre-Test:

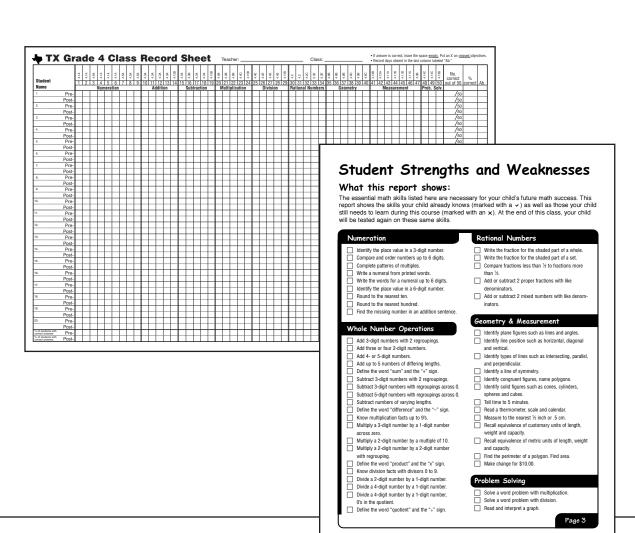
Page 8 of the SamplerPage 5 of the Teacher Manual







Results of the Pre-Test are Recorded in Three Locations



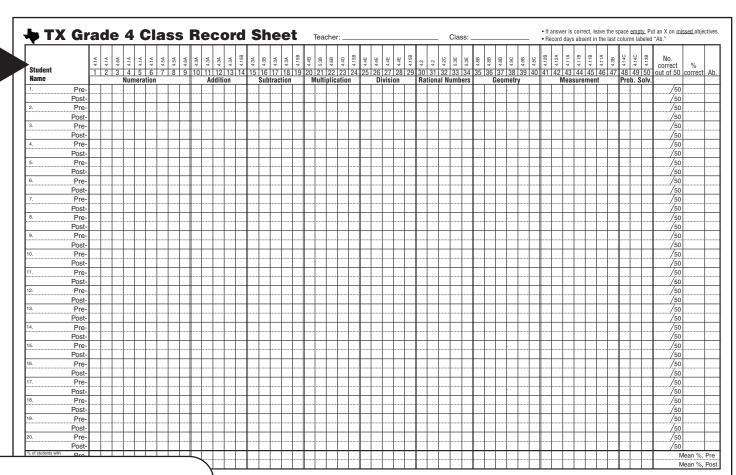
Student Progress Report Mark an X in the Pre- and/or Post-Test boxes to indicate misser	1 objectives.	Grade 4
Student		
ee ^{r Eeg} rophitee ¹	presides poststes	
Numeration	☐ ☐ B-2i	Divide a 4-digit by a 1-digit number, 0's in the
B-1 Identify the place value in a 3-digit number.		quotient. Define the word "quotient" and the "±" sign.
B-2 Compare and order numbers up to 6 digits. B-3 Complete patterns of multiples		
B-3 Complete patterns of multiples. B-4 Write a numeral from printed words.		tional Numbers
B-5 Write the words for a numeral up to 6 digits.	B-31	Write the fraction for the shaded part of a whole figure.
B-6 Identify the place value in a 6-digit number.	□ □ B-3°	Write the fraction for the shaded part of a set
B-7 Round to the nearest ten.	☐ B-3:	Compare fractions less than ½ to fractions
B-8 Round to the nearest hundred. B-9 Find the missing number in an addition	☐	more than ½. Add or subtract 2 proper fractions with like
sentence.		denominators.
Addition	∐ ∐ B-34	Add or subtract 2 mixed numbers with like denominators.
B-10 Add 3-digit numbers with 2 regroupings.	Co	ometry
B-11 Add three or four 2-digit numbers.		i Identify plane figures.
B-12 Add 4- or 5-digit numbers.		Identify and draw line position.
B-13 Add up to 5 numbers of differing lengths.		Identify types of lines.
B-14 Define the word "sum" and the "+" sign.		Identify types of files. Identify a line of symmetry.
Subtraction		Identify a fine of symmetry. Identify congruent figures, name polygons.
B-15 Subtract 3-digit numbers with 2 regroupings.	HH B-4	
B-16 Subtract 3-digit numbers with regroupings across 0.		asurement
B-17 Subtract 5-digit numbers with regroupings		Tell time to 5 minutes.
across 0.	□□ B-4:	Read a thermometer, scale and calendar.
B-18 Subtract numbers of varying lengths. B-19 Define the word "difference" and the "-" sign.	□□ B-4	Measure to the nearest ½ inch or .5 cm.
Multiplication	☐ ☐ B-44	Recall equivalence of customary units of length, weight and capacity.
B-20 Know multiplication facts up to 9's.	☐ B-4	Recall equivalence of metric units of length,
B-21 Multiply a 3-digit number by a 1-digit number		weight and capacity. Find the perimeter of a polygon, Find area.
across zero.	==	Make change for \$10.00.
B-22 Multiply a 2-digit number by a multiple of 10. B-23 Multiply a 2-digit number by a 2-digit number		
with regrouping.	Pro	blem Solving
B-24 Define the word "product" and the "x" sign.		Solve a word problem with multiplication.
Division		Solve a word problem with division.
B-25 Know division facts with divisors 0 to 9.	∐ ∐ B-5i	Read and interpret a graph.
B-26 Divide a 2-digit by a 1-digit number.		
B-27 Divide a 4-digit by a 1-digit number.	\square	al Scores (out of 50 possible)
	50 50	





Class Record Sheet

State standards across the top.



Find the Record Sheets:

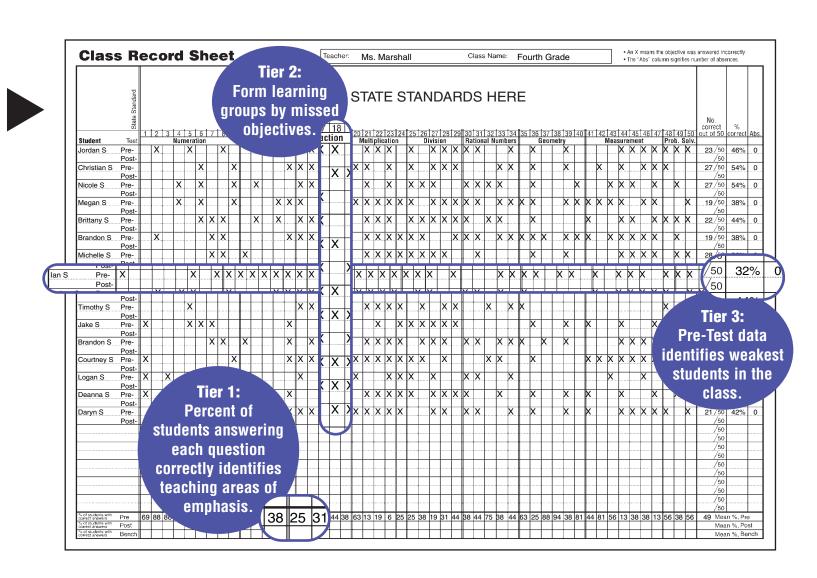
Page 9 of the Sampler

Pages 1–4 of the Teacher Manual



Class Record Sheet

The Class Record Sheet allows the teacher to identify at-risk students, group students for differentiated instruction, and identify content objectives that need extra attention.







Parent Handbook

Page 3

Student Strengths and Weaknesses What this report shows: The essential math skills listed here are necessary for your child's future math success. This report shows the skills your child already knows (marked with a ✔) as well as those your child still needs to learn during this course (marked with an x). At the end of this class, your child will be tested again on these same skills. Rational Numbers Numeration Identify the place value in a 3-digit number. Write the fraction for the shaded part of a whole. Compare and order numbers up to 6 digits. Write the fraction for the shaded part of a set. Complete patterns of multiples. Compare fractions less than ½ to fractions more Write a numeral from printed words. Write the words for a numeral up to 6 digits. Add or subtract 2 proper fractions with like ldentify the place value in a 6-digit number. denominators. Round to the nearest ten. Add or subtract 2 mixed numbers with like denom-Round to the nearest hundred. Find the missing number in an addition sentence. Geometry & Measurement Whole Number Operations Identify plane figures such as lines and angles. Add 3-digit numbers with 2 regroupings. Identify line position such as horizontal, diagonal Add three or four 2-digit numbers. and vertical. Add 4- or 5-digit numbers. Identify types of lines such as intersecting, parallel, Add up to 5 numbers of differing lengths. and perpendicular. Define the word "sum" and the "+" sign. Identify a line of symmetry. Identify congruent figures, name polygons. Subtract 3-digit numbers with 2 regroupings. Identify solid figures such as cones, cylinders, Subtract 3-digit numbers with regroupings across 0. Subtract 5-digit numbers with regroupings across 0. spheres and cubes. Subtract numbers of varying lengths. Tell time to 5 minutes. Define the word "difference" and the "-" sign. Read a thermometer, scale and calendar. Mnow multiplication facts up to 9. Measure to the nearest ½ inch or .5 cm. Multiply a 3-digit number by a 1-digit number Recall equivalence of customary units of length, Multiply a 2-digit number by a multiple of 10. Recall equivalence of metric units of length, weight Multiply a 2-digit number by a 2-digit number and capacity. Find the perimeter of a polygon. Find area. with regrouping. Define the word "product" and the "x" sign. Make change for \$10.00. Mnow division facts with divisors 0 to 9. Divide a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number. Problem Solving Divide a 4-digit number by a 1-digit number. Solve a word problem with multiplication. Divide a 4-digit number by a 1-digit number, Solve a word problem with division. 0 in the auotient. Read and interpret a graph. Define the word "quotient" and the "+" sign.

Share student's strengths and weaknesses with parents.





Student Progress Report

Identify student's individual needs with a **Student Progress Report**.

Find the Record Sheets:

Page 9 of the Sampler
Pages 1-4 of the Teacher Manual

Mark an X in the Pre- and/or Post-Test boxes to indicate Student			
Poter Poter Contract	, ss	√est	
presis post	profest	SK.	
Numeration		B-28	Divide a 4-digit by a 1-digit number, 0's in the
B-1 Identify the place value in a 3-digit number	r		quotient.
B-2 Compare and order numbers up to 6 digits	s. UU	B-29	Define the word "quotient" and the "÷" sign.
B-3 Complete patterns of multiples.		Rati	ional Numbers
B-4 Write a numeral from printed words.		B-30	Write the fraction for the shaded part of a
B-5 Write the words for a numeral up to 6 digit			whole figure.
B-6 Identify the place value in a 6-digit number B-7 Round to the nearest ten.	·		Write the fraction for the shaded part of a set
B-8 Round to the nearest hundred.		B-32	Compare fractions less than ½ to fractions more than ½.
B-9 Find the missing number in an addition sentence.		B-33	
Addition		B-34	
B-10 Add 3-digit numbers with 2 regroupings.			denominators.
B-11 Add three or four 2-digit numbers.		Geo	metry
B-12 Add 4- or 5-digit numbers.		B-35	Identify plane figures.
B-13 Add up to 5 numbers of differing lengths.			Identify and draw line position.
B-14 Define the word "sum" and the "+" sign.			Identify types of lines.
Subtraction		B-38 B-39	, , . ,
B-15 Subtract 3-digit numbers with 2 regrouping	ns HH	B-40	3
B-16 Subtract 3-digit numbers with regroupings across 0.			asurement
B-17 Subtract 5-digit numbers with regroupings			Tell time to 5 minutes.
across 0.	HH		Read a thermometer, scale and calendar.
B-18 Subtract numbers of varying lengths.	. 65		Measure to the nearest ½ inch or .5 cm.
B-19 Define the word "difference" and the "-" si Multiplication	ign.	B-44	Recall equivalence of customary units of length, weight and capacity.
B-20 Know multiplication facts up to 9's.		B-45	Recall equivalence of metric units of length, weight and capacity.
B-21 Multiply a 3-digit number by a 1-digit num across zero.	iber	B-46	
across zero. B-22 Multiply a 2-digit number by a multiple of	10 🗂	B-47	
B-23 Multiply a 2-digit number by a 2-digit num with regrouping.		Prol	blem Solving
B-24 Define the word "product" and the "x" sign	n. 🔲 🗆	B-48	
Division			Solve a word problem with division.
B-25 Know division facts with divisors 0 to 9.		B-50	Read and interpret a graph.
B-26 Divide a 2-digit by a 1-digit number.			
B-27 Divide a 4-digit by a 1-digit number.		Tota	I Scores (out of 50 possible)



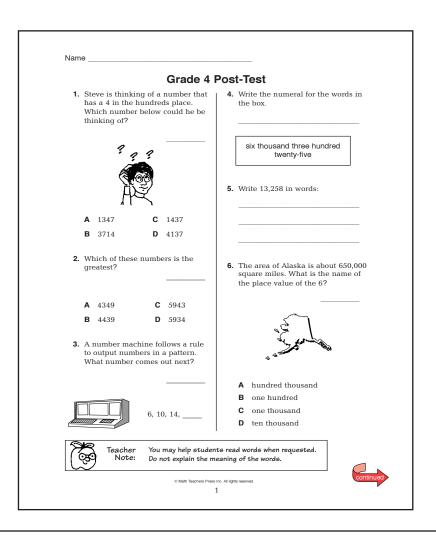


Re-assess Students with Post-Test at the End of the Program (During Last Week)

The results of the Post-Test are recorded on the **Class Record Sheet** and **Student Progress Report**.

Find the Post-Test:

Page 8 of the SamplerPages 15 of the Teacher Manual







A Typical Day





Easy Lesson Planning with Pacing Calendars

Research indicates that student achievement goes up when the teacher is perceived to be well-organized.

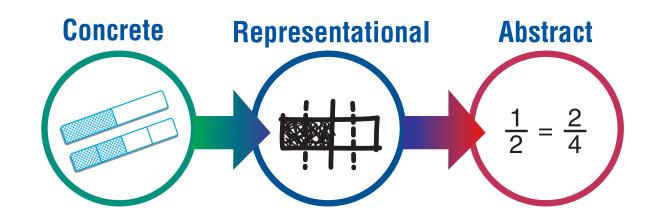
Find the Calendar:

Page 11 of the Sampler Pages *ix* of the Teacher Manual

	Lesson 1	Lesson 2		
Warm-up	Daily Review #1 (in back of student book)	Test Day		
Lesson	Objective: Place value, expanded notation to 4-digits Materials: Base ten blocks, dice, place value mat, index cards, Master 3 Teacher Guide pages: 1-4	Administer the Pre-Test. Record results on Class Record Sheet and Student Progress Report (in Test Assessment Pack). Transfer results to pg. 3 of the Parent Handbook and send home with student.		
Math Practice	Student book pages 1-4	Test Day		
Journal Prompt/ Performance Assessment	Teacher Guide page 2 (see Assessment section for instructions)	Test Day Optional prompt on Teacher Guide page 4		
Test Preparation and Homework	Daily Review #2 (in back of student book) Skill Builders 6-1 (in back of this manual)	Test Day		
Games Hammer to 100 Place Value Bingo (on Teacher Guide pages 1, 4)		Test Day		



The Three Stages of Learning



Majority of students do not become abstract until between the ages of 12 and 14.

Find the Philosophy:

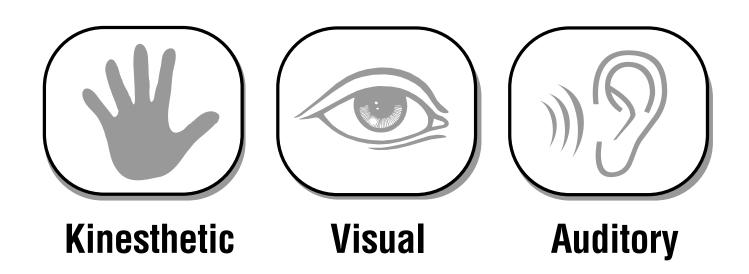
Page 4 of the Sampler

Page *i* of the Teacher Manual

-Jean Piaget



The Three Learning Styles



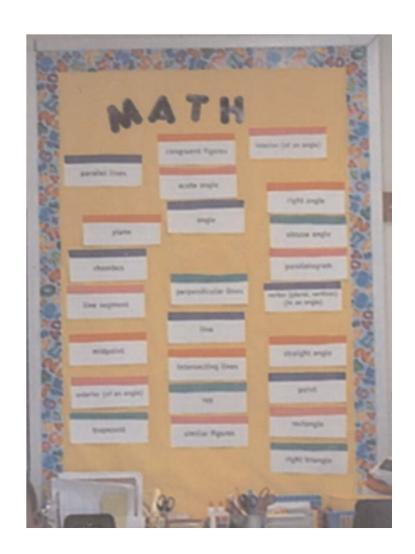
"Children already come to us differentiated. It just makes sense that we would differentiate instruction in response to them."

-Carol Ann Tomlinson



Teaching Math Vocabulary

- Write each word on a large index card.
- The class reads the word aloud 3 times to become familiar with it.
- At the end of the lesson, students write or draw a picture of the meaning of the word.
- Students write definitions in a glossary.
- Place the card on the classroom Word Wall.
- Vocabulary words are introduced at the beginning of every lesson.





Teaching Math Vocabulary

Students are able to write their own definitions of vocabulary words in their blank math glossary.

Find the Math Glossary:

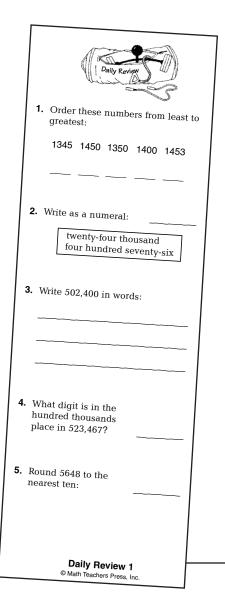
Page 11 of the Sampler
Masters 18a-18b of the Teacher Manual





Students Begin with a 5 Question Daily Review

- Differentiate instruction on a daily basis
- Correlated to learning objectives
- Continuous monitoring of achievement
- Develop long term retention
- Provides successful math experiences



Find the Daily Reviews:

Back of the Student Book



Students Record Results of Daily Review

Name	9					Pre-Te Post-T		4E
Dai	ly Re	eview				our Daily Re nich objectiv		lem covered
	Review 1	Review 2	Review 3	Review 4	Review 5	Review 6	Review 7	Review 8
1.	Obj. 2	Obj. 3	Obj. 13	Obj. 13	Obj. 16	Obj. 2	Obj. 21	Obj. 3
2.	Obj. 4	Obj. 8	Obj. 14	Obj. 14	Obj. 17	Obj. 4	Obj. 22	Obj. 8
3.	Obj. 5	Obj. 9	Obj. 16	Obj. 16	Obj. 18	Obj. 5	Obj. 24	Obj. 9
4.	Obj. 6	Obj. 11	Obj. 17	Obj. 17	Obj. 19	Obj. 6	Obj. 25	Obj. 12
5.	Obj. 7	Obj. 12	Obj. 18	Obj. 18	Obj. 20	Obj. 7	Obj. 26	Obj. 26
Correct								
	Review 9	Review 10	Review 11	Review 12	Review 13	Review 14	Review 15	Review 16
1.	Obj. 16	Obj. 13	Obj. 2	Obj. 8	Obj. 20	Obj. 16	Obj. 41	Obj. 23
2.	Obj. 17	Obj. 20	Obj. 3	Obj. 9	Obj. 21	Obj. 17	Obj. 42	Obj. 44
3.	Obj. 18	Obj. 21	Obj. 5	Obj. 25	Obj. 22	Obj. 18	Obj. 43	Obj. 45
4.	Obj. 19	Obj. 22	Obj. 7	Obj. 26	Obj. 25	Obj. 25	Obj. 48	Obj. 46
5.	Obj. 26	Obj. 24	Obj. 13	Obj. 29	Obj. 26	Obj. 26	Obj. 49	Obj. 47
Correct								
	Review 17	Review 18	Review 19	Review 20	Review 21	Review 22	Review 23	Review 24
1.	Obj. 27	Obj. 41	Obj. 30	Obj. 31	Obj. 44	Obj. 23	Obj. 1	Obj. 6
2.	Obj. 28	Obj. 43	Obj. 32	Obj. 32	Obj. 45	Obj. 27	Obj. 2	Obj. 7
3.	Obj. 29	Obj. 47	Obj. 33	Obj. 33	Obj. 46	Obj. 28	Obj. 3	Obj. 8
4.	Obj. 35	Obj. 48	Obj. 34	Obj. 34	Obj. 48	Obj. 35	Obj. 4	Obj. 9
5.	Obj. 36	Obj. 49	Obj. 37	Obj. 37	Obj. 49	Obj. 36	Obj. 5	Obj. 10
Correct								
	Review 25	Review 26	Review 27	Review 28	Review 29	Review 30	Review 31	Review 32
1.	Obj. 11	Obj. 16	Obj. 21	Obj. 26	Obj. 31	Obj. 36	Obj. 41	Obj. 46
2.	Obj. 12	Obj. 17	Obj. 22	Obj. 27	Obj. 32	Obj. 37	Obj. 42	Obj. 47
3.	Obj. 13	Obj. 18	Obj. 23	Obj. 28	Obj. 33	Obj. 38	Obj. 43	Obj. 48
4.	Obj. 14	Obj. 19	Obj. 24	Obj. 29	Obj. 34	Obj. 39	Obj. 44	Obj. 49
								· I
5.	Obj. 15	Obj. 20	Obj. 25	Obj. 30	Obj. 35	Obj. 40	Obj. 45	Obj. 50

Find the Daily Reviews:

Back of the Student Book



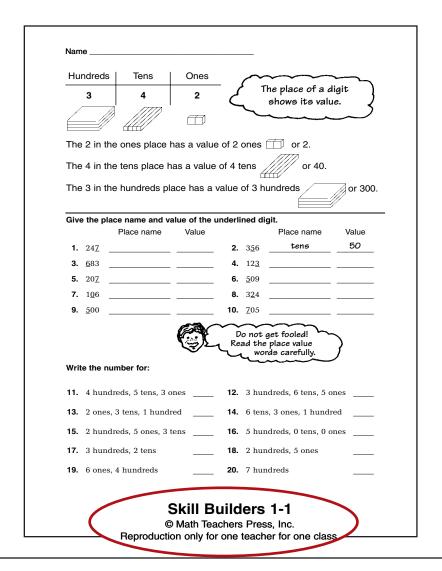
Optional Skill Builder Reteaching Pages

If students do poorly with the Daily Review, intervention can occur at this point by using the reteaching pages called *Skill Builders*. Each problem in the Daily Review is aligned with a math objective that identifies which *Skill Builder* to use.

Reproducible.

Find the Skill Builders:

Page 13 of the Sampler
Pages 1-1–50-7 of the Teacher Manual





Teacher Introduces and Directs Students Through a Manipulative Activity

Different **Alike**



Find the First Lesson Page: Page 1 of the Teacher Manual

Objective: To introduce the base ten blocks and 3-digit place value.

Materials: Base ten blocks, Place Value Mat (Masters 1 and 2 taped together), 6-sided dice, My Math Glossary (Master 18), Vocabulary Cards

Vocabulary: place value, ones place, tens place, hundreds place

Note: Before class, make copies of Master 19 (Vocabulary Cards). Make copies of Master 18 (My Math Glossary) and distribute to each student. See p.ii of the foreword.

Introductory Activities

Introducing Base Ten Blocks

The main reason children make errors with whole-number algorithms is that they do not understand multi-digit numeration. They do not know that 43 means 4 tens and 3 ones or 40 + 3.

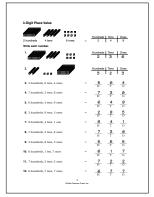
Base ten blocks are ideal for teaching numeration concepts because students can see the abstract concept of place value each time they pick up a block. One tens block is always seen both as 1 ten or 10 ones; 1 hundreds block is always seen as 1 hundred or 10 tens or 100 ones; 1 thousands block is always seen as 10 hundreds or 100 tens or 1000 ones.

Carefully introduce the base ten blocks, allowing an appropriate exploratory time. Explain the benefits of manipulatives and ask for individual responsibility as the blocks are distributed.

After students have spent 10-15 minutes exploring with the base ten blocks, ask them to describe their observations about the blocks. Encourage them to find all the ways they are alike and all the ways they are different. (Alike: made of the same material, all the same color, the sides of each block are made up of 1-centimeter squares. Different: different sizes.)

Is there any pattern to the sizes of the blocks? (It takes 10 of 1 small block to equal 1 of the next larger block.) Name the smallest block as "ones" or "units," the next largest block as "longs" or "tens" and the largest block as "flats' or "hundreds." Place each block where it belongs on the mat.

Direct attention to the top of the page. Have students match blocks to the pictures, place the



blocks on the Place Value Mat and record the number of each block.

Follow Up Activities



Hammer to 100 Game Game for 2 players. Use base ten blocks in a pile: one 1 hundred flat, 20 tens and

30 ones. Each player takes turns tossing a 6-sided die and removing the number tossed from the pile. Each time a player gets 10 ones, they are exchanged for 1 ten. The first player to get exactly 10 tens on a toss exchanges it for the 100 flat and is the winner.



Chisel to 0 Game

Game for 2 players. Use wasc blocks in a pile: 20 tens and 30 Game for 2 players. Use base ten hundred flat. A player tosses a 6-

sided die and removes the number tossed out of her hundred flat. For example, if a 3 were thrown on the first turn, the player would first have to exchange the hundred flat for 10 tens and then exchange 1 of the tens for 10 ones so that the 3 ones could be removed. The winner is the first player to toss the exact number to get to exactly 0 blocks in her pile.

4E Teacher Guide



Teacher Introduces and Directs Students Through a Manipulative Activity

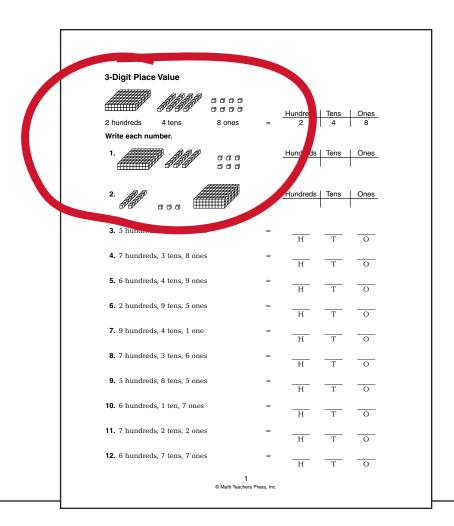


"How are the blocks alike?"
"How are the blocks different?"



Students Follow Up the Hands-On Activity by Completing Practice Pages Related to the Activity

Pictures of manipulatives transition students to the abstract.



Find the First Student Page:

Page 1 of the Student Book



Students Respond to Journal Prompts by Writing About the Math They Learned

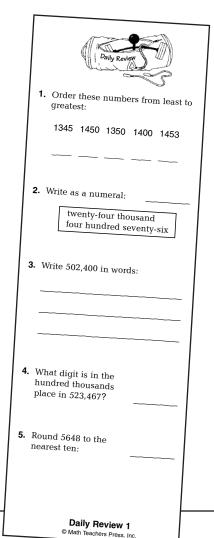
Journal Prompt

Draw a picture of the number 156.

Then write the number in expanded notation. Which digit has the least value? How do you know?



Students Complete a Daily Review Set of Problems (Optional – Time Permitting)

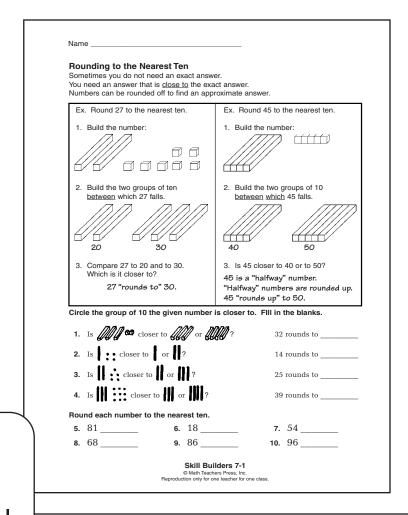


Find the Daily Reviews:

Back of the Student Book



Students Can Continue with a *Skill Builder* (Optional – Time Permitting)



Find the Skill Builders:

Page 13 of the Sampler

Pages 1-1-50-7 of the Teacher Manual



Students Can End the Day with a Math Game (Optional-Time Permitting)

Follow Up Activities



Hammer to 100 Game

Game for 2 players. Use base ten blocks in a pile: one 1 hundred flat, 20 tens and 30 ones. Each player takes turns

tossing a 6-sided die and removing the number tossed from the pile. Each time a player gets 10 ones, they are exchanged for 1 ten. The first player to get exactly 10 tens on a toss exchanges it for the 100 flat and is the winner.



Chisel to 0 Game

Game for 2 players. Use base ten blocks in a pile: 20 tens and 30 ones. Each player starts with a hundred flat. A player tosses a 6-

sided die and removes the number tossed out of her hundred flat. For example, if a 3 were thrown on the first turn, the player would first have to exchange the hundred flat for 10 tens and then exchange 1 of the tens for 10 ones so that the 3 ones could be removed. The winner is the first player to toss the exact number to get to exactly 0 blocks in her pile.





What Works Clearinghouse Recommendations for RTI

1. Screen All Students to Identify those at Risk

- Moving with Math integrates Pre- and Post-Test screening.

2. In-Depth Instruction of Whole Numbers through Grade 5 and Rational Numbers in Grades 4 through 8

- Hands-on, conceptually based lessons

3. Explicit and Systematic Instruction

- Easy-to-use, scripted lesson plans

4. Instruction on Solving Word Problems

- Explicit instruction on steps and strategies for solving word problems in lesson plans

Find the Recommendations:

Back Cover of the Sampler

Strategies



5. Physical and Visual Representations of Mathematical Ideas

- Lessons are introduced with a manipulative activity and followed with a picture on student pages

6. Building Fluent Retrieval of Basic Facts

- Strategies and practice for learning basic facts
- Daily Reviews for long term retention

7. Progress Monitoring

 Daily Reviews and Journal Prompts provide ongoing assessment to differentiate instruction and monitor progress

8. Motivational Strategies

- Lesson Plans are guided to provide successful, engaging, and educational experiences

Find the Recommendations:

Back Cover of the Sampler



Meeting the Needs of Tier 2 and Tier 3 Students

- Conceptual-based, hands-on lessons incorporate the three stages of learning and address the three learning styles (kinesthetic, auditory, and visual).
- **Scaffolding** instruction in a logical structure guides and helps students understand a new topic.
- **Front Loading** instruction fills learning gaps and avoids back pedaling.
- Playing games provides more practice time.
- Using manipulatives longer will benefit struggling learners.
- Successful experiences improve self-concept and raise achievement.



Meeting the Needs of Tier 2 and Tier 3 Students

- Individual recognition of students by name and goal setting improves achievement.
- Student Progress Reports may be used as an IEP to target specific objectives.
- Daily Reviews and Reteaching Pages develop concepts to a mastery level for long-term retention.
- Learning groups of students missing objectives may be formed.





Benefits of Manipulatives

- Developmentally appropriate reach all students regardless of their developmental background
- Builds conceptual understanding
- Improves problem solving skills
- Games foster language acquisition
- Improves test scores
- Research-based and proven results
- Reach students in all tiers Special Education, ELL



"Students who had studied with manipulatives scored significantly higher on achievement tests."

Mark Driscoll, Research within Reach





Research-Based Strategies for Special Education and ELL

- Include assessment tools to correctly place all learners
- Use manipulatives, pictures, and charts
- Practice scaffolding and front loading
- Use a consistent five-step problem solving plan
- Develop a math glossary
- Integrate oral and written communication between teacher and students
- Encourage peer communication in small groups playing games
- Make up and solve problems related to the real world

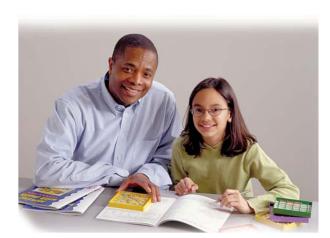






Teacher Support

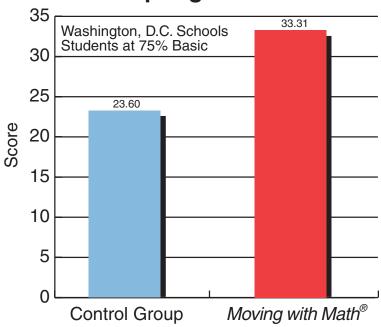
- **Pacing Calendars** organize instruction plans for every lesson and test in the program. Reduces teacher planning time.
- **Tips to Getting Started** provides an overview of the Extensions program and helps teachers prepare instruction and assessment.
- Lightly scripted lessons provide **explicit instruction** for teachers to address the needs of different learning styles.
- Supports teachers at all levels of math proficiency.
- **Well-organized system** of instruction where everything is tied to objectives and state standards.





Independent Research Proves Student Gains

Average Increase in Scores Fall to Spring SAT-9 Results



*Source: George Washington University Center for Equity and Excellence in Education.

GWU Study Results

An independent study done by George Washington University found that over 11,000 students in Washington D.C. made statistically significant achievement gains on the SAT-9 compared to a control group in only 30 lessons.

Basic and **Below Basic** students made the greatest gains!

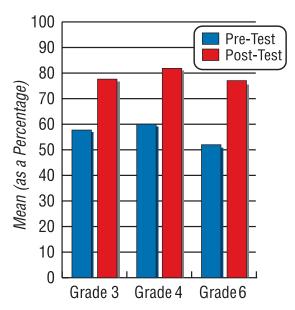




Midland ISD, TX

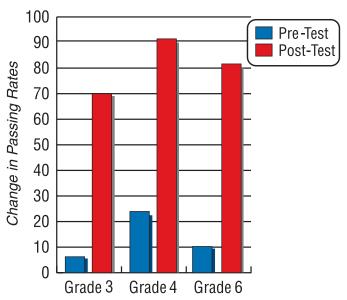
Midland has successfully used Extensions for over six years in summer school. They use it in grades 3, 4, and 6 and always have good results.

Change in Mean Scores Pre-Test to Post-Test



The percent of increase in mean scores ranged from 33% in grade 3 to 45% in grade 6. The average gain for all students was 39%.

Change in Passing Rates in Grades 3, 4 and 6



The overall percent of increase in passing students increased by 523%. The percent of increase ranged from 279% in grade 4 to 1067% in grade 3.



"What you have been obliged to discover by yourself leaves a path in your mind which you can use again when the need arises."

G.C. Lichtenberg

